Castanea Mill. (Fagaceae)

VEGETATIVE KEY TO SPECIES CULTIVATED IN WESTERN EUROPE

Jan De Langhe

(23 November 2011 - 26 November 2012)

Vegetative key.

This key is based on vegetative characteristics, visible during the longest period of the year.

Taxa treated in this key: see page 3.

Taxa referred to synonymy in this key: see page 3.

Frequently misapplied taxa: see page 3.

To improve accuracy:

- Use a hand lens to judge shape of teeth and pubescence in general.
- Look at the entire plant. Young specimens and strong shoots give an atypical view.
- Beware of hybridisation, especially with plants raised from seed gathered in collections.

Features based on:

- JDL herbarium specimens
- living specimens, in various arboreta, botanic gardens and collections
- literature:

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http://www.plantentuin.ugent.be

01	а	(judge teeth at middle of margin)
	b	Lamina margin sharply (bristle-like) serrate-dentate to coarsely dentate <u>AND</u> tooth acumen predominantly >2 mm often bristle-like (judge teeth at middle of margin) 03
02	а	Shrub or tree. Lamina midvein length <21 cm, apex acute AND LS +/- minutely pale/whitish stellate pubescent -LENS (cupule Ø ≤35 mm, 2-valved, spines <10mm, nut 1). C. pumila
	b	Low shrub <1 m. Lamina midvein length <14 cm, apex obtuse to acute AND LS +/- minutely yellowish/brownish stellate pubescent - LENS (cupule Ø ≤35 mm, 2-valved, nut 1). C. alnifolia
03	а	Lamina L/W predominantly >3/1 AND margin bristle-like serrate-dentate, tooth predominantly bristle-like reduced (cupule Ø ≤35 mm, 2-valved, spines <10 mm, nut 1). C. henry
	b	Lamina L/W predominantly <3/1, AND/OR margin variable but never predominantly bristle-like reduced (+/- bristle-like to sharply serrate-dentate, or serrate-dentate to coarsely dentate, tooth acuminate to triangular).
04	а	Lamina base predominantly cuneate (a few laminas with base broadly cuneate may occur) AND apex acuminate with acumen narrowly enlarged (cupule Ø 50-70 mm, 4-valved, spines dense + slender 10-20 mm, nuts 1-3).
	b	Lamina base variable: broadly cuneate to rounded or cordate, <u>AND/OR</u> apex acute to acuminate but acumen not narrowly enlarged
05	а	Lamina LS almost glabrous AND midvein length predominantly ≤14 cm (cupule Ø ≤40 mm 4-valved, spines ≤12 mm, nuts 2-3-more)
	b	Lamina LS pubescent, <u>AND/OR</u> midvein length predominantly >14 cm 06
06	а	Lamina margin bristle-like serrate-dentate, a few smaller bristle-like reduced teeth may occur (cupule $\varnothing \le 35$ mm, 4-valved, spines ≤ 12 mm, nuts 1-3)
	b	Lamina margin at least in part of the leaves coarsely dentate, tooth +/- triangular with +/- bristle like acumen
07	а	Lamina LS +/- green, base broadly cuneate to rounded or (sub- to obliquely-) cordate (cupule Ø 50-60(-100) mm, 4-valved, spines slender + very prickly 10-20 mm, nuts 1-3). C. sativa
	b	Lamina LS +/- whitish to greyish-white or yellowish, base broadly cuneate to rounded. 08
80	а	Shoot and bud glabrous \underline{AND} lamina LS +/- minutely pubescent with stellate hairs -LENS (cupule $\varnothing \le 30$ mm, 2-valved, spines dense + thick ≤ 15 mm, nut 1)
	b	Shoot, bud and lamina LS pubescent with simple and fasciculate hairs or with stellate hairs -LENS (cupule $\emptyset \le 50(-70)$ mm, 4-valved, spines thick ≤ 20 mm, nuts 1-3)
09	а	Shoot pubescent with simple hairs. Lamina LS variably pubescent with simple and fasciculate hairs
	b	Shoot and lamina LS +/- pubescent with minute stellate hairs

Taxa treated in this identification key.

C. alnifolia C. crenata

C. dentata C. henryi

C. mollissima

C. ×neglecta (= C. dentata × C. pumila)

C. ozarkensis

C. pumila C. sativa

Taxa referred to synonymy in this identification key.

C. davidii = C. seguinii (FOC) C. japonica = C. crenata (FOC)

C. pumila var. ozarkensis = C. pumila (FNA)

Frequently misapplied names.

In general, only specimens from known natural source are possible to identify accurately with this key. At least in part of collections a lot of the material are hybrids and show combinations of characters that are typical for several taxa simultaneously, especially regarding lamina margin, pubescence in general and features of the cupule.